

EXHIBIT A**MARKED CLAIM AMENDMENTS**

10. A method of inhibiting proliferation of a Bcl-2-associated disease cell comprising obtaining a first polynucleotide that hybridizes to a second polynucleotide under intracellular conditions, mixing the first polynucleotide with a neutral phospholipid to form a composition comprising a polynucleotide/phospholipid association, and administering said association to said Bcl-2-associated disease cell to inhibit the proliferation of said disease cell, wherein said cell has a t(14;18) translocation, and wherein the second polynucleotide comprises at least 8 bases of the translation initiation site of Bcl-2 mRNA.
21. A method of inhibiting proliferation of a Bcl-2-associated disease cell having a t(14;18) translocation comprising:
- (a) obtaining an oligonucleotide of from about 8 to about 50 bases and complementary to at least 8 consecutive bases of the translation initiation site of Bcl-2 mRNA;
 - (b) mixing the oligonucleotide with a neutral phospholipid to form a neutral oligonucleotide/phospholipid association; and
 - (c) administering said association to said Bcl-2-associated disease cell to inhibit the proliferation of said disease cell.